

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.
Financial Statements
August 31, 2025

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.:

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Saskatchewan Volunteer Firefighter's Association Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at August 31, 2025, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at August 31, 2025, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT *(continued)*

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements (whether due to fraud or error), design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going-concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements (including the disclosures), and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Regina, Saskatchewan
February 17, 2026



Robert D. Szautner,
Chartered Professional Accountant

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.
Statement of Financial Position

As at August 31, 2025

	2025	2024
Assets		
Current		
Cash	40,118	25,917
Marketable securities (Note 3)	69,249	80,327
Accounts receivable	34,280	23,217
GST receivable	3,179	11,268
Inventory	3,131	1,891
Prepaid expenses	4,955	5,582
	154,912	148,202
Capital assets (Note 4)	21,593	26,349
	176,505	174,551
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable	3,368	7,244
Deferred contributions (Note 5)	144,337	121,546
	147,705	128,790
Net Assets		
Unappropriated surplus	28,800	45,761
	176,505	174,551

Approved on behalf of the Board



 Director



 Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc. Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended August 31, 2025

	2025	2024
Revenue		
International fire safety training sales	11,164	17,148
Training programs	54,179	24,993
Fire school	91,970	80,000
CISM/CISD contributions	17,948	24,647
Memberships	68,225	63,608
Sponsorships	21,250	18,000
Interest income	3,046	3,833
Donations	7,930	10,000
Tradeshaw	3,410	2,760
Other revenue	6,039	5,495
	285,161	250,484
Expenses		
Advertising	23,335	5,297
Amortization	5,398	6,587
(Recovery) bad debts	(3,175)	14,122
Bank charges	3,200	3,219
Fire school expenses	51,133	75,149
GST adjustment	14,022	3,119
Insurance	3,365	3,353
Meetings and conventions	14,727	15,352
Miscellaneous	165	165
Office	18,927	11,136
Postage	1,241	2,343
Professional fees	6,750	7,300
Purchases	11,049	23,811
Salaries and wages	57,143	61,876
Scholarships	500	-
Telephone	1,236	1,177
Tradeshaw	5,556	5,367
Training program expenses	71,351	43,716
Vehicle operating	5,028	8,751
Website	11,171	7,416
	302,122	299,256
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	(16,961)	(48,772)
Net assets, beginning of year	45,761	94,533
Net assets, end of year	28,800	45,761

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended August 31, 2025

	2025	2024
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating activities		
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	(16,961)	(48,772)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization	5,398	6,587
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(11,063)	(10,928)
GST receivable	8,088	(1,945)
Prepaid expenses	627	(1,117)
Inventory	(1,240)	19
Accounts payable	(3,875)	4,127
Deferred contributions	22,792	18,635
	3,766	(33,394)
Investing activities		
Proceeds on disposal of marketable securities	80,327	87,500
Acquisition of capital assets	(643)	-
Acquisition of marketable securities	(69,249)	(80,327)
	10,435	7,173
Increase (decrease) in cash resources	14,201	(26,221)
Cash resources, beginning of year	25,917	52,138
Cash resources, end of year	40,118	25,917

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended August 31, 2025

1. Nature of operations

The Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc. (the "Association") was incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan on December 21, 1990 and is exempt from income tax as a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. The Articles of Incorporation provide that the remaining property of the Association be transferred to the Muscular Dystrophy Association of Canada in event of wind-up.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations using the following significant accounting policies:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of commercial paper and deposits with a maturity of three months or less subsequent to year end. Because of the short term maturity of these investments, their carrying amount approximates fair value.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided for on the declining balance method at rates which are estimated to amortize the costs over the useful lives of the assets at the following rates:

Equipment & training aids	20%
Motor vehicles	20%

Revenue recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

The Association may receive donated materials and services for its operations. Where the estimated fair value of these donations can be reasonably determined and the materials are used in the normal course of business the donations are recognized as revenue and expense in the financial statements.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenues and expenses in the periods in which they become known.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended August 31, 2025

3. Marketable securities

Marketable securities consist of two GIC's maturing between September 14–November 6, 2025, with annual interest rates between 3.30-3.75% (2024 – 4.65-4.85%).

4. Capital assets

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2025 Net book value	2024 Net book value
Equipment	28,270	25,404	2,866	2,940
Motor vehicles	103,857	87,998	15,859	19,824
Training aids	13,394	10,526	2,868	3,585
	145,521	123,928	21,593	26,349

5. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions consist of funding that will be recognized as revenue in the year the related expenses/events occur.

	2025	2024
CISM/CISD Program		
Balance beginning of the year	77,661	95,411
Contributions received	4,199	6,898
CISM expenditures	(17,948)	(24,648)
	63,912	77,661
Fire School		
Balance beginning of the year	43,885	7,500
Contributions received	137,270	43,885
Revenue recognized	(106,905)	(7,500)
	74,250	43,885
Regional Fire Training		
Balance beginning of the year	-	-
Contributions received	39,250	-
Revenue Recognized	(33,075)	-
	6,175	-
	144,337	121,546

Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended August 31, 2025

6. Bank indebtedness

The bank operating line of credit is secured by investments. The line of credit has an authorized limit of \$10,000 bearing interest at 5.45%, of which \$10,000 (2024 - \$10,000) remained unused at August 31, 2025. Saskatchewan Volunteer Fire Fighters Association Inc.

7. Financial instruments

The Organization as part of its operations carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable from customers. Credit risk for accounts receivable is managed by the credit quality and diverse debtor base and creating allowance for bad debts where applicable. There has been no change in credit risk exposure from 2024.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Liquidity risk is managed by holding assets that can be readily converted to cash. There has been no change in liquidity risk exposure from 2024.